

BULK SINGLE CRYSTALS OF TRANSPARENT SEMICONDUCTING OXIDES

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Transparent semiconducting oxides (TSOs) constitute one of the fastest growing areas in materials science and technology. Unique electrical, optical, and sensing properties place the TSOs in the frontline of future applications. The TSOs offer an opportunity for developing novel devices in electronics, in high power electronics, optoelectronics, displays, flexible and transparent electronics, photovoltaics, high temperature gas detectors, and nuclear radiation detectors. Some applications use the bulk material, others are based on films that require single crystal substrates to unleash their full potential.

As all the TSOs are thermally unstable at high temperatures, growing bulk crystals from the melt is very challenging and requires unique technologies such as high oxygen concentration technique combined with iridium crucibles. In recent years, a diversity of bulk single crystals of oxide semiconductors have been developed and grown at IKZ. Consequently, several new TSOs became available as bulk crystals for the first time [1].

β -Ga₂O₃ single crystals are the largest ones among all other TSOs. They are grown at IKZ by the Czochralski method with a volume up to 200 cm³ [1–3]. We also provided a groundbreaking investigation of dopant incorporation and alloying of β -Ga₂O₃ with many elements during growth [4]. Further studies were performed on the growth and characterization on several other TSOs such as gallates (MgZnO₄, ZnGa₂O₄, InGaZnO₄) [5], stannates (BaSnO₃, ZnSnO₃), indates (LaInO₃), and binary oxides such as ZnO, SnO₂ or In₂O₃, see Fig. 1 [1,6]. They are grown with different methods such as Czochralski, Kyropoulos, Vertical Gradient Freeze or even Physical Vapor Transport in individually adjusted conditions to increase growth stability and enable large crystal volumes, Fig. 2.

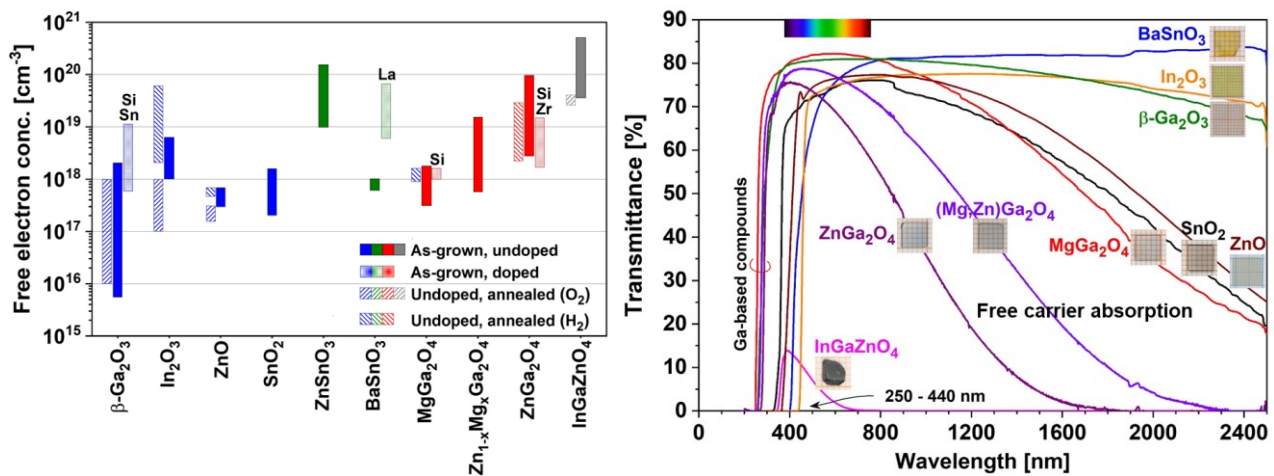


Fig. 1: Ranges of experimentally achieved free electron concentration (left) and resulting near-IR transmittance as well as optical bandgap (right) of different TSO single crystals [6].

The bandgaps of the TSOs range between 2.8 and 5 eV. Depending on doing and annealing, TSOs can be electrical insulators, *n*-type semiconductors, or degenerate *n*-type semiconductors. When electrically insulating, the TSOs are transparent in the visible and near-infrared spectral regions. However, the latter region is strongly affected by the free carrier absorption when semiconducting, and this can also result in a blueish coloration of the crystals. The highly electrically conducting TSOs are InGaZnO₄, ZnGa₂O₄, BaSnO₃, and In₂O₃. In SnO₂, In₂O₃, and BaSnO₃, electron mobilities exceeding > 200 cm²V⁻¹s⁻¹ are achieved even for high electron concentrations in the range of 10¹⁸–10²⁰ cm⁻³ [6]. These values outpace the limits of classical III-V semiconductors, and the materials enable novel and improved electronic applications.

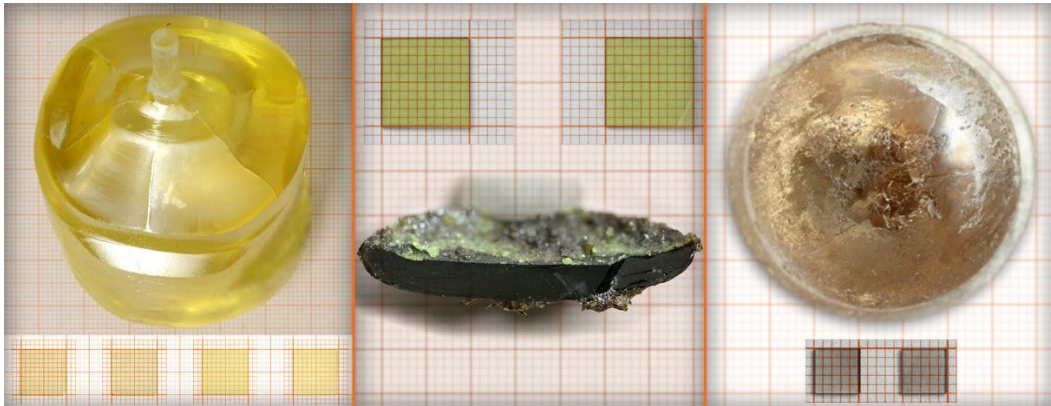


Fig. 2: Single crystals and polished wafers (substrates) of β -Ga₂O₃ (left), In₂O₃ (middle) and SnO₂ (right) [1].

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